

<b>Title:</b>	Great Lakes Forest Products Fonds, 1980-1988		
<b>Creator:</b>	Ontario Editorial Bureau		
<b>Dates of Material:</b>	1980-1988	<b>Record Group Number:</b>	RG 75-27
<b>Summary of Contents:</b>	<p><b>Correspondence and Press Releases,</b></p> <p>1.1 Great Lakes and Forest Products had a record year of sales and earnings. A decision was made to modernize and expand the paper mill at Dryden, 1981</p> <p>1.2 A graph is included which shows a 27% shortfall between the maximum softwood supply projected by the Ministry of Natural Resources' Land Use Plans and the current forest products industry softwood requirement. There is also a paper entitled <i>Executive Summary Recommendations and Excerpts from Analysis of Land Use Plans as they Affect Wood Supply</i> prepared by Lew Ringham Consultants Ltd. and Robert M. Dixon Consultants Limited, 1982</p> <p>1.3 Correspondence and press releases, 1983</p> <p>1.4 David V. Love was appointed Forestry Dean of the Faculty of Forestry at the University of Toronto, 1984</p> <p>1.5 Correspondence and press releases, 1985</p> <p>1.6 Intense price competition, oversupply and the strength of North American currencies resulted in adverse market conditions for the company's forest products, 1986</p> <p>1.7 Charles J. Carter, chairman and chief executive officer of Great Lakes Forest Products announced a 5 year \$390 million modernization and expansion program in Northwestern Ontario. This modernization would affect Dryden and Thunder Bay. Clifford R. Bowles, President and Chief Operating Officer of Great Lakes Forest Products gave a speech entitled <i>A Business View of Free Trade</i>. Also included is a Submission to Ontario Public Hearings on Free Trade by C.R. Bowles, 1987</p> <p>1.8 Correspondence and press releases, 1988</p> <p><b>Publications</b></p> <p>1.9 <i>Great Lakes Forest Products Limited Annual Reports</i>, 1980, 1982-1983, 1986</p> <p>1.10 <i>Great Lakes Forest Products Reports to Shareholders</i>, 1980-1987</p>		

<b>Physical Description / Condition:</b>	12 cm, (1/2 box) containing correspondence, press releases and annual reports
<b>Administrative/ Biographical Sketch</b>	The largest, most modern paper company in the world was owned by the Great Lakes Paper Company. It started out in 1942 as a pulp mill in Fort William (Thunder Bay), Ontario. Energy prices and wood fiber costs affected the company and in 1974 the company was acquired by Canadian Pacific Limited. They changed the name of the company to Great Lakes Forest Products. Another amalgamation took place with the Canadian International Paper Company and the name of the company was changed again. It became Canadian Pacific Forest Products which later became Avenor. In 1988, Bowater acquired the company and it became Bowater Forest Products. Another merger took place in 2007 in which Bowater and Abitibi-Consolidated became AbitibiBowater.
<b>Location:</b>	Brock University Archives
<b>Source Information:</b>	This collection is part of the Ontario Editorial Bureau fonds, donated by Lou Cahill in November 1997.

<p><b>Subject Headings:</b></p> <p><b>Added Entries:</b></p>	<p>Cahill, Louis  Ontario Editorial Bureau  Forest products industry zCanada.  Forest products industry zOntario.  Forests and forestry xEconomic aspects zCanada.  Forests and forestry xEconomic aspects zOntario.  Forests and forestry zCanada.  Forests and forestry zOntario.  Paper mills zOntario  Paper mills zCanada</p>		
<p><b>Related material</b></p>			
<p><b>Described by:</b></p>	<p>Anne Adams</p>	<p><b>Date:</b></p>	<p>Aug.11, 2016</p>